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1 General information

Orders: Only on the email-address bestellung@hofstetter-pcb.de

Note: without an present order we will not proceed the

production!

Shipping: We need to know your preferred forwarder (TNT, DHL, UPS,

Forwarding Agency, Express Mail Service, etc.) as well as your required forwarding option (e.g. Express Mail Service with time

options)

• Terms of payment: 10 days or as agreed

Unauthorized payment discount will be requested

2 Information about the smarttin® refresh process

Chemistry product type: Stannatech®2000H Atotech, horizontal system

• Formats: Min: 150 mm x 100 mm

Max: 610 mm x 600 mm (bigger formats on request)

Pcb - thickness: Min: 0.10 mm (<0.80 mm only on request)

Max: 4.50 mm

• iSn refresh layer: Pure tin (with small content of antiwisker additive - AWA)

whisker category like IPC4554 rating 5

• Solderability performance ¹: No shelf life, because it is a post-processing method!

After refresh APL Hofstetter recommends a prompt processing

(max. 4 weeks)

• Ionic contamination: After the iSn refresh process <0.50 μg/cm² NaCl Equivalent

(measured at the APL Hofstetter test board)

• Laser blind micro vias: Diameter min. 0.100 mm (aspect ratio max. 1:1), 1 the drill hole

should be trapezoid, because its ideal for it.

Normal drilling holes: Diameter min 0.200 mm with aspect ratio max 1:10

¹ Lead free solder process



3 Intake requirements before processing smarttin® refresh process

3.1 Intake requirements for pcbs

APL excepts only pcbs without following criteria:

- Labels
- Adhesive residues
- Pen colour (e.g. x-out Identification)
- Condensate, oil, grease, fingerprints
- Paint flitters, solder mask residues
- Contaminations of all kinds
- Twisting and warping
- Unclean multilayer cutback
- Mechanical defects
- Entry opportunities of liquids (such as transition in rigid-flex-areas)
- Other errors, according IPC A600 class 3, that may have negative affects on the refresh result.



Fig. 1: condensate

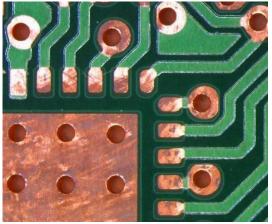


Fig. 3: finger print/ copper contamination

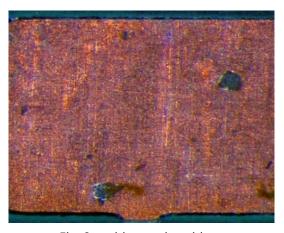


Fig. 2: solder mask residues

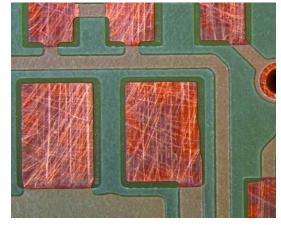


Fig. 4: mechanical defects on cooper pads



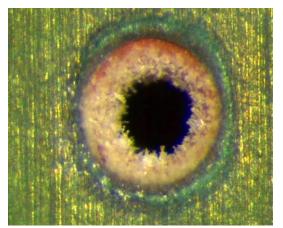


Fig. 5: crystalline liquid residues

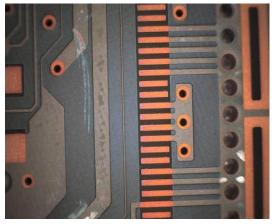


Fig. 6: mechanical solder mask defects

3.2 Intake requirements fort he base material

Standard FR4 and Teflon®/ PTFE materials from global, established manufacturers are easily process able. Other materials can be made only after consultation (aluminium, ceramics etc.). Following base materials can not be processed:

° FR1

° FR2

° FR3

° CEM1/CEM2

3.3 Intake requirements for the solder masks

3.3.1 Solder mask type

All applied solder masks have to be approved for the immersion tin refresh process by APL Hofstetter or Atotech. The solder masks have to be strictly coated according to the specifications of the lacquer manufacturer which means also that all recommendations which concern the immersion tin refresh process have to be observed ². There will be no undercut and/ or creeping detectable after the immersion tin refresh process if the solder mask is coated strictly under the specification of the lacquers manufacturers.

Note: In the past the solder mask type TAIYO PSR4000 G23K and similar kinds has shown massive solderability problems on the iSn refresh coating.

3.3.2 Solder mask layout

All layout work has to be done in accordance to IPC-A-600 class 3. In deviation to IPC-A-600 class 3 all holes have to be 100% open or 100% defined closed ³. Pad touching solder mask edges should also be avoided.

² Particularly a recommended UV-bump and/ or special hardening times

³ ZVEI professional association "PCB and Electronics Systems / reference data / recommendation "solder mask for

vias" - dated March 2012



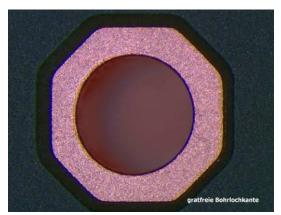


Fig. 7: 100% open hole/ allowed

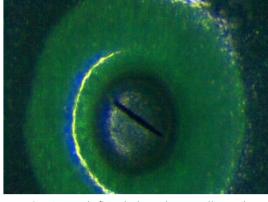


Fig. 8: undefined closed/ not allowed

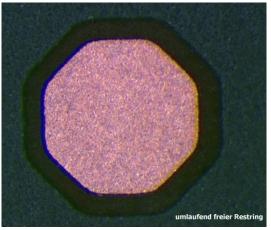


Fig. 9: not touching/ allowed

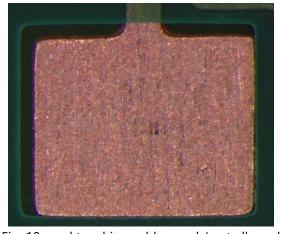


Fig. 10: pad touching solder mask/ not allowed

3.3.3 other paints/prints

All additional lacquering or printing work prior to tinning (such as license plate lacquer, carbon lacquer, transfer printing, strippable lacquer, etc.) must be carried out in such a way that no impairments occur during the tinning process. In other words, they must be adhesive and inert. If there are justified concerns about this, processing must be rejected. If the tinning process is impaired as a result, subsequent costs (e.g. for cleaning, loss of production, etc.) will be charged.

3.4 Sn-surface for smarttin® refresh process

The tin surface must be free of all kind of organic and/ or inorganic residues.

3.5 Thermal processes

All thermal processes have to be done before the immersion tin refresh process. All thermal processes after immersion tin refresh (heat and cold), could lead to repeated the solderability in a negative way.



3.6 Ionic contamination, other contamination

The ionic contamination on pcbs at arrival at APL Hofstetter should be low as possible ($<0.50 \, \mu \text{g/cm}^2 \, \text{NaCl}$ equivalent).

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General Requirements Immersion Tin Refresh

4 Terms of delivery and packaging

4.1 General information

Scribed and milled multi-panels have to be solid to minimize the risk of breaking during the immersion tin refresh process as packaging and shipment. Paper sheets between the pcbs are not allowed because they lead to handling problems. Drying agents are neither allowed because of the risk of corrosion and/ or mechanical damages.

4.2 Packaging of incoming and outgoing pcbs⁴

The packaging units have to be solid for re-using and further transportation to the customers. A bigger amount of packages has to be delivered on an euro-palette. All packaging units including the content should be packed solid to protect the good against damaging. It is necessary to pack the pcbs with damping materials (damping material should be dust and lint free). The pcbs in the packaging units have to be shrunk in suitable packages (min. 10 up to max. 25 units).

5 Disclaimer of warranty

APL Hofstetter assumes no warranty for all defects which results from disregarding the general requirements and defects from the previous circuit board manufactures. Immersion tin refresh process is a post-processing method therefore APL Hofstetter will not assume warranty for following solderability of the pcbs.

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⁴ All the packaging materials used, may not influence the pcbs in any way negative.